## **CLAIMS:**

We claim:

- 1. An acoustic telemetry system comprising communications along a plurality of transceivers attached to a string of tools in a borehole, wherein, after installation in the borehole, ones of said plurality of transceivers resolve communication parameters with ones of said plurality of transceivers.
- 2. The acoustic telemetry system according to Claim 1, wherein said string of tools are from the group consisting of drill stem test tubing, coiled tubing, a drilling workstring, and a production string.
- 3. The acoustic telemetry system of Claim 1, wherein said string of tools includes a multilateral junction head.
- 4. The acoustic telemetry system of Claim 3, further comprising at least two separate lines of communications below said multilateral junction head.
- 5. An acoustic telemetry system comprising -directional communications along a plurality of transceivers attached to a string of tools in a borehole, wherein during normal operation of said transceivers, ones of said transceivers can initiate a calibration process in order to reconfigure communication parameters with another transceiver.
- 6. The acoustic telemetry system according to Claim 5, wherein said string of tools are from the group consisting of drill stem test tubing, coiled tubing, a drilling workstring, and a production string.
- 7. The acoustic telemetry system of Claim 5, wherein said string of tools includes a multilateral junction head.
- 8. The acoustic telemetry system of Claim 7, further comprising at least two separate lines of communications below said multilateral junction head.

- 9. A method of acoustical communication, comprising the steps of:
  - attaching a plurality of transceivers at intervals along a string of tools in a borehole, said plurality of transceivers having respective associated processors;
  - negotiating communication parameters between a first transceiver and a second transceiver of said plurality of transceivers to obtain optimal communications between said first transceiver and said second transceiver;
  - communicating data and instructions between a surface processor and downhole equipment, which is attached to said string of tools, through said plurality of transceivers.
- 10. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 9, wherein said string of tools are from the group consisting of drill stem test tubing, coiled tubing, a drilling workstring, and a production string.
- 11. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 9, wherein said downhole equipment is a sensor.
- 12. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 9, wherein said negotiating step uses on-off keying on a broadband.
- 13. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 9, wherein said communicating step uses frequency shift keying on at least two frequencies.

- 14. A method of acoustical communications, comprising the steps of:
  - attaching a plurality of transceivers at intervals along a string of tools in a borehole, said plurality of transceivers having respective associated processors;
  - communicating data and instructions between a surface processor and downhole equipment, which is attached to said string of tools, through said plurality of transceivers;
  - during normal communications between a first transceiver and a second transceiver of said plurality of transceivers, re-initiating calibration instructions in order to optimize communications.
- 15. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 14, wherein said string of tools are from the group consisting of drill stem test tubing, coiled tubing, a drilling workstring, and a production string.
- 16. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 14, wherein said downhole equipment is a sensor.
- 17. The method of acoustical communications of Claim 9, wherein said communicating step uses frequency shift keying on at least two frequencies.

18. A chip for an acoustic telemetry system comprising:

first circuitry that acoustically sends channel characterization signals;

second circuitry that receives said channel characterization signals and selects a plurality of channel properties for use in transmission;

third circuitry that acoustically transmits notification of said plurality of channel properties for use in transmission; and

fourth circuitry that receives data and acoustically transmits commands using said plurality of channel properties for transmission;

whereby said chip can establish acoustical communications with a similar chip.

- 19. The chip for an acoustic telemetry system of Claim 18, wherein said plurality of channel properties comprises two frequencies and transmission by frequency shift keying.
- 20. The chip for an acoustic telemetry system of Claim 18, wherein said plurality of channel properties comprises a frequency and transmission by on-off keying.
- 21. The chip for an acoustic telemetry system of Claim 18, wherein said plurality of channel properties comprises an optimized number of cycles in a toneburst to obtain a balance between a clear signal, telemetry rates, and lifetime of a long term downhole power supply.

- 22. A structure associated with a borehole, said structure comprising:

  a plurality of tools assembled in the borehole;

  an acoustic telemetry system comprising communications along a plurality of transceivers attached to said string of tools in a borehole, wherein ones of said plurality of transceivers resolve communication parameters with other ones of said plurality of transceivers.
- 23. The structure of Claim 23, wherein ones of said plurality of transceivers resolve communication parameters with other ones of said plurality of transceivers shortly after installation.
- 24. The structure of Claim 23, wherein ones of said plurality of transceivers resolve communication parameters with other ones of said plurality of transceivers when communications deteriorate.
- 25. The structure of Claim 23, wherein ones of said plurality of transceivers resolve communication parameters with other ones of said plurality of transceivers at regular periods during their lifetime.